



The power of creative thinking: working within and around challenging institutional frameworks

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Breaking the barriers to water connections in LICs: experience from Mozambique

Baghi Baghirathan, WSUP





Background

- In 2008, Maputo had an extensive water supply network covering most of the central part of the city, and a good primary and secondary network covering the peri-urban areas (bairros)
- However in low-income communities (LICs) in the peri-urban bairros, only around 20% of households were connected
- Over the last 7 years, WSUP has worked with AdeM (main water operator) and FIPAG (asset owner) to extend tertiary networks and to increase household connection in these LICs



What did we hope to achieve?

- Demonstrate to AdeM and other institutional stakeholders that supplying water via household connections is a viable business in LICs
- 2) Demonstrate to householders that they can improve their access to good quality affordable water services and quality of life by connecting to the network



Three important steps

1) Extending **tertiary networks** within LICs to facilitate ease of connections

2) **Mobilising** low-income consumers to connect and influencing better **affordability**

3) Simplifying the **application process** for low-income consumers



Extending tertiary networks

✓ By creating strong partnerships with institutions, WSUP was able to convince asset owner (FIPAG) and operator (AdeM) to acknowledge the need for tertiary networks

✓ Networks implemented through consultative process

with communities





Barriers to connection in LICs

➤ Bairro residents needed land title documents to apply for a yard water connection

➤ Many residents were put off by the complex paperwork and lack of information

Many residents felt they couldn't afford the connection charge



Breaking barriers (1)

Barrier: Bairro residents needed land title documents to apply for a water connection

Solution:

✓ WSUP persuaded AdeM to accept a letter from the bairro administration confirming the residence of the connection applicant



Breaking barriers (2)

Barrier: Many residents were put off connecting by the complex paperwork and lack of information

Solution:

- ✓ Local CBOs contracted to help householders connect
- ✓ CBOs conducted awareness-raising campaigns and door-to-door visits with pre-filled application forms
- ✓ AdeM relaxed administrative requirements (e.g. householders authorised to pre-sign the contract at application)



Breaking barriers (3)

Barrier: Many residents felt they couldn't afford the connection charge

Solution:

- ✓ Regulator CRA reduced the connection charge by 50%
- ✓ Staged payments were introduced, allowing the customer to pay in (up to 14) monthly instalments



Results

✓ Contract turnaround time dropped from over 20 days to 7-10 days in some LICs

✓ Coverage rates increased to 60% - 80% (e.g. bairros Maxaquene A, Maxaquene B)

✓ Strengthened by revenue gains from reduced nonrevenue water, FIPAG and AdeM continue to devote increased resources to serving LICs



Key learning

- ➤ Administrative requirements and high connection charges present major barriers to connection in LICs
- Creative solutions can be found to minimise the burden
- Support is required to both the utility and low-income consumer to bring these solutions into practice



Kanimambo!





Flexible Approaches and Partnerships to Support Sustainable WASH Services in Madagascar

Orlando Hernandez, FHI 360 July 23, 2014





Outline

Background

Changing partnerships under challenging conditions

Sustainable service delivery





Madagascar At-scale Program Supported the Diorano WASH Platform

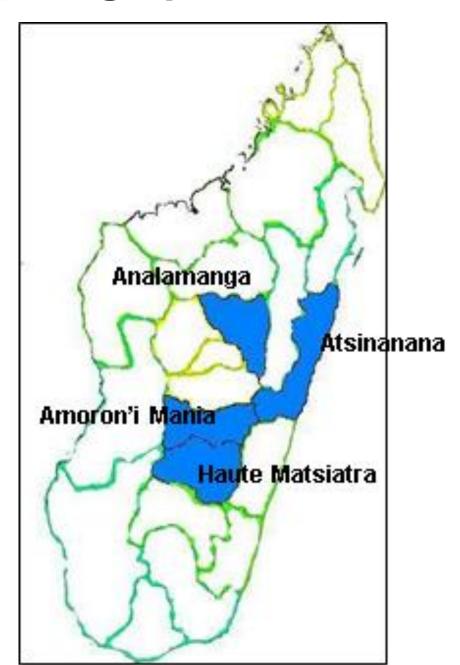
- Hygiene promotion at-scale achieved through "Multiples"
 - Multiple intervention
 - Multiple channels
 - Multiple partners
 - Multiple levels
- With targeted focus on "WASH Everywhere":
 WASH-friendly schools, health centers, markets, transportation hubs, communes, neighborhoods, journalists etc. etc.
- Sustainability through advocacy and capacity building







Geographic Focus







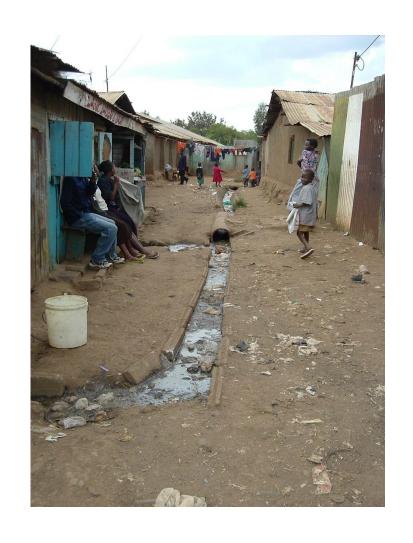
Urban Focus

What services

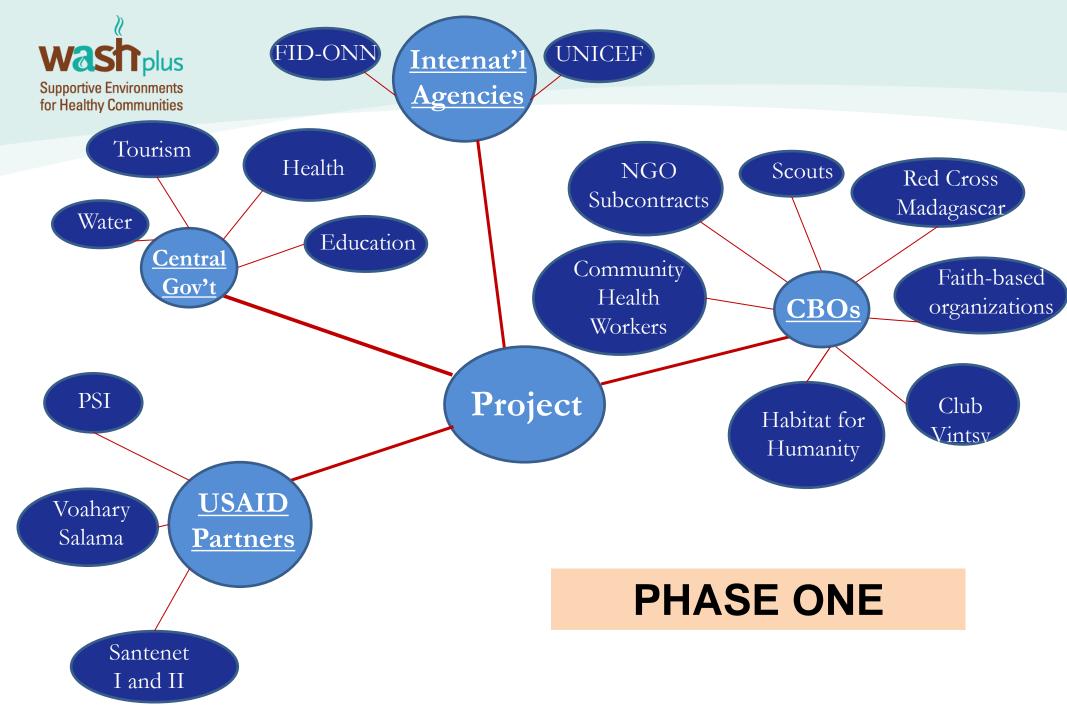
- WASH blocks
- Water points

Principal mechanisms

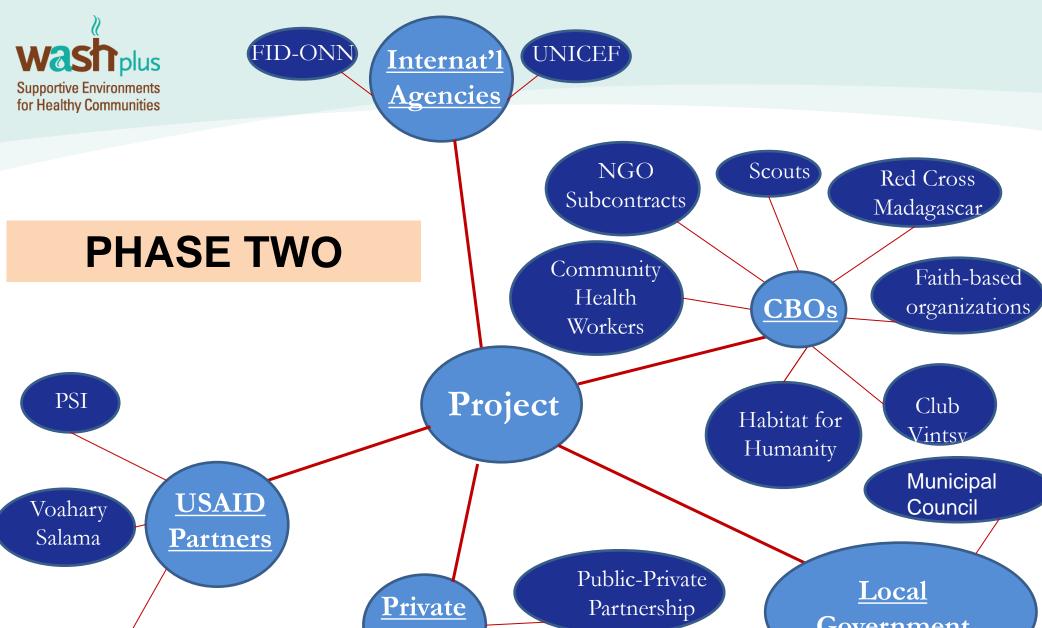
- PPP's
- Sustainable services











Santenet I and II

Producers

Sector

Vendors

Financial Institutions Government

Mayor's Office



Legal Framework

Malagasy Water Code: Law 98-029 from January 20, 1999

Article 41:

Rural and urban districts are in charge of water supply and sewage systems that exist in their jurisdiction. They exercise this role through the municipal council.

Article 46:

The operation of these systems may be delegated to managers through management contracts, leases or concessions...

In Reality

Getting districts to take responsibility of the services is a challenge still to be resolved when developing private public partnerships for service delivery





How do you make it work?

 Negotiate the use and transformation of some existing facilities to convert them into WASH block

Fee, duration, roles and responsibilities

Identify an operator (boy scouts, private entrepreneur) and sign contracts

Connect water services (JIRAMA)

 Provide support to operator, including sustainability





Sustainability Checklist Components

- Governance/management
- Operational
- Financial
- Environmental
- Social







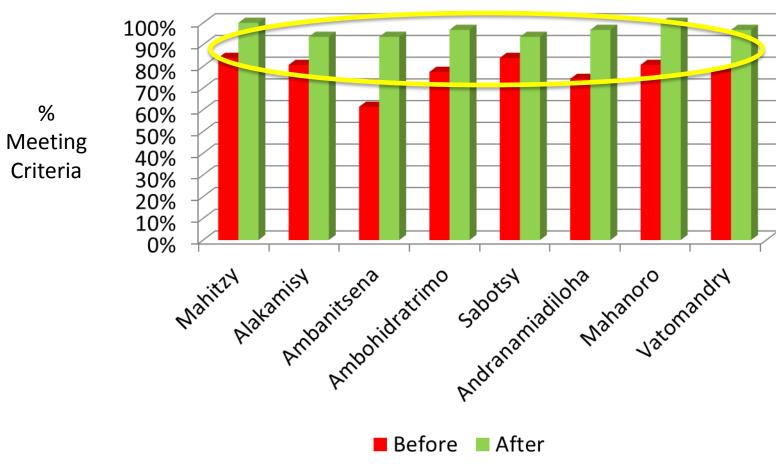
Results of First Application of Sustainability Check

	Management	Operational	Financial	Environmental	Social
Mahitsy	84	75	100	0	83
Alakamisy	81	75	67	0	33
Ambanitsena	61	100	0	0	67
Ambohidratimo	77	75	67	0	67
Sabotsy	84	100	67	0	50
Andranomiadiloha	74	100	0	100	17
Mahanoro	81	50	83	0	33
Vatomandry	77	50	67		50





Major Findings, Management Score







Lessons Learned

- Efficient cross-sector
 collaboration is possible,
 improving access to products
 and services offered
- Relationship with local government must be continuously nurtured
- Sustainability support is crucial







Thank you

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Q&A

How can agencies support WASH service improvements when the institutional framework is weak?

- We can help people overcome administrative barriers
- We can support the private sector to "fill the gaps"

We can...

• ...

• ...

Complete this sentence in less than 20 words!



Send us your recommendations, your case studies, any resource that you think can support this...

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contact@washplus.org

We will distribute a Resource Pack, including the set of recommendations, to all participants in this event.

Many thanks!